

EMERGENCY CARE PHYSICIAN CORE PRIVILEGES AND CREDENTIALS PROCEDURES

Core Competencies

1. Emergency resuscitation procedures of
 - 1.1 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
 - 1.2 Trauma resuscitation
 - 1.3 Neonatal resuscitation
 - 1.4 Team leader of each categories above

2. Emergency Airway and breathing procedures:
 - 2.1 Endotracheal intubation
 - 2.2 Supraglottic airway intubation
 - 2.3 Cricothyroidotomy (Needle & Open)
 - 2.4 Mechanical ventilation (Invasive & non-invasive)
 - 2.5 Thoracostomy
 - 2.6 Thoracocentesis
 - 2.7 Difficult airway management

3. Emergency Circulation stabilising procedures
 - 3.1 Hemorrhage control
 - 3.2 Intraosseous cannulation – Including on manikin
 - 3.3 Central vein cannulation
 - 3.4 Venous – including UVC (Intravenous cannulation - including UVC)
 - 3.5 Arterial cannulation
 - 3.6 Cardiac pacing - transcutaneous

4. Emergency Anaesthesia procedure
 - 4.1 Procedural sedation & analgesia
 - 4.2 Rapid sequence intubation
 - 4.3 Regional & local anaesthesia– digital, wrist, ankle, femoral

5. Mass Casualty Management & Pre-Hospital Care
 - 5.1 Mass casualty incident triage
 - 5.2 Mass incident management – including mock-up training
 - 5.3 Emergency communication
 - 5.4 Medical Directive
 - 5.5 On scene management

- 5.6 Critical care transfer & Medevac

- 6. Emergency Surgical Procedure (Trauma & Diagnostic):
 - 6.1 Close manipulation & reduction (CMR)
 - 6.2 Joint aspiration
 - 6.3 Focused Assessment Sonography in Trauma (FAST), and extended region
 - 6.4 Diagnostic peritoneal lavage (DPL) – including on manikin
 - 6.5 Pericardiocentesis – including on manikin
 - 6.6 Suprapubic catheterization – including on manikin
 - 6.7 Plaster of Paris (POP) application
 - 6.8 Epistaxis control
 - 6.9 Paracentesis
 - 6.10 Pelvic stabilization
 - 6.11 Emergency circumcision
 - 6.12 Skeletal traction

- 7. Others
 - 8.1 Thrombolytic therapy
 - 8.2 Triage

Specialize Procedures:

- 1. Damage control orthopaedic surgery (DCOS)
 - Pelvic Stabilization
 - Open Reduction External Fixation (OREF)
 - Open Reduction Internal Fixation (ORIF) - intramedullary device, plating
- 2. Ultrasound-guided procedure
- 3. Emergency Fasciotomy
- 4. Tracheostomy
- 5. Fibreoptic procedure
- 6. Regional Anaesthesia – interscalene, axillary, intercostals, intrapleural
- 7. ICP Monitoring
- 8. Burr hole
- 9. Transvenous pacing
- 10. Hyperbaric therapy
- 11. Lumbar puncture